

NIST ACTIVITIES: NFIQ

Elham Tabassi March41, 2010





- NIST developed NFIQ in 2004
 - ∸ Open source
- Key innovation: quality as a rank statistic for performance
- NFIQ is a machine learning algorithm
 - Exploratory variables: image properties (minutiae, ridge density and clarity)
 - Response variable: separation of genuine and impostor comparison
- ⊤ Thank you for using NFIQ.
 - → And for feedbacks / lessons learned / ...





- Macrh 1, 2010

- Discussed way forward
 - → Three options

Need for calibration of quality scores

Options for NFIQ 2.0

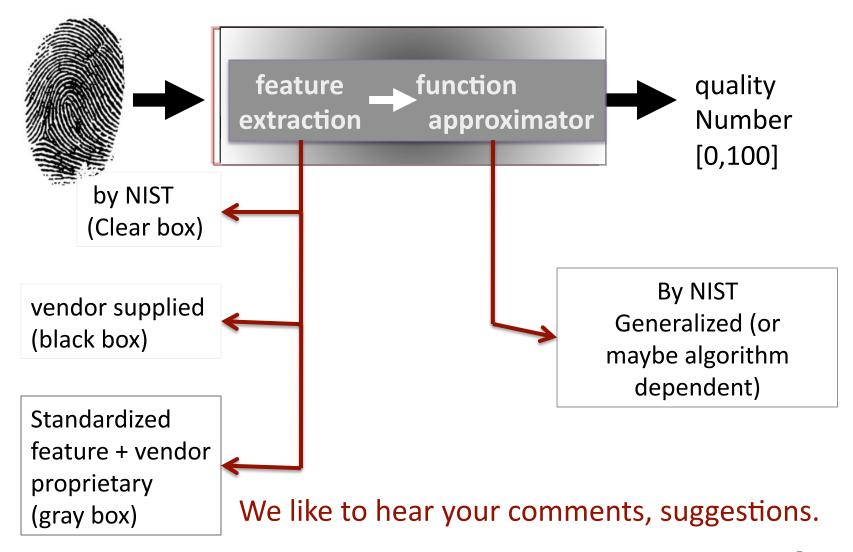


- Do nothing!
- Incremental updates to NFIQ towards NFIQ 2.0
 - → An improved NFIQ, generalized vanilla flavor
 - -: Improve feature extraction, training data, machine learning algorithm, better matcher, more levels
 - ∹ done by NIST open source
 - No ability to customize it to a particular application
 - Limited collaboration with industry
- Modular NFIQ 2.0
 - Plug-and-play feature vector
 - : Improves efficiency in field operations
 - → NIST does the training using its large sets of data
 - -: Generalized or specialized to a particular comparison algorithm
 - -: Feedback to vendors
 - — Expands the marketplace of interoperable products
 - -: Calibrated quality in standardized range [0,100]

We like to hear your comments, suggestions.

NFIQ 2.0: options 1 or 2







Elham Tabassi NIST March 4, 2010

IREX II::IQCE
IRIS QUALITY CALIBRATION + EVALUATION

IQCE is ...



- the 2nd activity under IREX
- funded by DHS S+T
 - Project "Radical improvement in iris quality assessment and maturing multimodal biometric utilization"
- an evaluation based program for development of clear, implementable, and interoperable iris quality standard ISO/IEC 29794-6.

IQCE :: objectives



- Enabling scientific progress in iris image quality assessment
 - ightharpoonup in items in item
 - Evaluation of iris image quality assessment algorithms
 - -: Effectiveness + Efficiency
 - -: Scalar and vector quality
- Expand marketplace of interoperable products
 - Calibration of iris image quality assessment algorithms
- Support development of iris image quality standard (ISO/IEC 29794-6)

 - Preventing over-prescriptive statements
 - — Introducing tolerance bounds on iris image covariates

IQCE:: how





Develop test scope, protocol, API

- → In consultation with industry and SC 37 WG 3
- Invite participation

 - Or both
- Technology being supplied to NIST as SDK



- · With IQCE API
- → Rounds of testing
- Offline archived datasets at NIST

 - Dedicated data collection with specific image impairments
 Clarkson Q-FIRE



Devise metrics + analysis of results

IQCE :: intended time-line



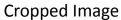
October 2010	Final report			
May 2010	Submission period ends			
July 2010	SC 37 Working Group 3 meeting in Malaysia			
February 1, 2010	Release of Clarkson Q-FIRE sample data			
January 27, 2010	Submission period opened.			
January 19 22 2010	rounds of submit -> evaluate -> report SC 37 Working Group 3 meeting in Singapore			
January 18-22, 2010	3C 37 Working Group 3 meeting in Singapore			
January 12, 2010	Release of final evaluation plan			
November 27, 2009	Release of the 3 rd draft evaluation plan, for comment.			
October 22, 2009	Release of the 2 nd draft evaluation plan, for comment.			
October 18, 2009	Comment on the 1 st draft due			
October 4, 2009	Launching IQCE. Release of 1 st draft of test plan + API.			





raw image







VENDOR SUPPLIED IMAGE **QUALITY ASSESSMENT ALGORITHM (IQAA)**



Table 4. IQAAs output format.

ty metric is not computed.

Reserved for future standardized quality metric

33 ... 64 Vendor-defined quality measurements

₩	The range of each metric shall be [0,254], a value of 255 means that the quality metric is							
) <u>*</u>					Position	Metric	1	
					1	Scalar overall quality		
					2	Gray level spread		
			1	Sca	lar c	Walityiius in pixel)		
	r //\				4	Pupil iris ratio (ratio of pupil diameter over iris		
	/ \				P 0-	diameter)		
	/ / / /		2 17	Det	nec	l (standard) qualit	y metrics	
	11				7	Iris-pupil contrast	·	
1000000			40 22	Dad	′			
//			1832	Kes	erve	ris pupil boundary shape (pris shape)		
/ \					9			
/ \			22 64		10	Margin (image scale in N3331)		
			3364	ver	ngor	defined quality m	ietrics	
FNMR					13	Signal to noise ratio		
. / - -					14	Magnification		
					15	Head rotation		
					16	Gaze angle		
					17	Interlace		
1 1 2010			1 - 1 1				- 44	

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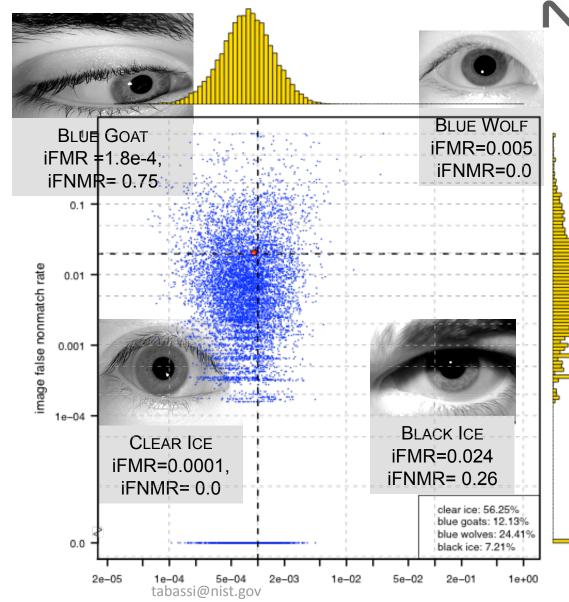
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IQCE:: evaluation

Multivariate statistical analysis to investigate the causes of

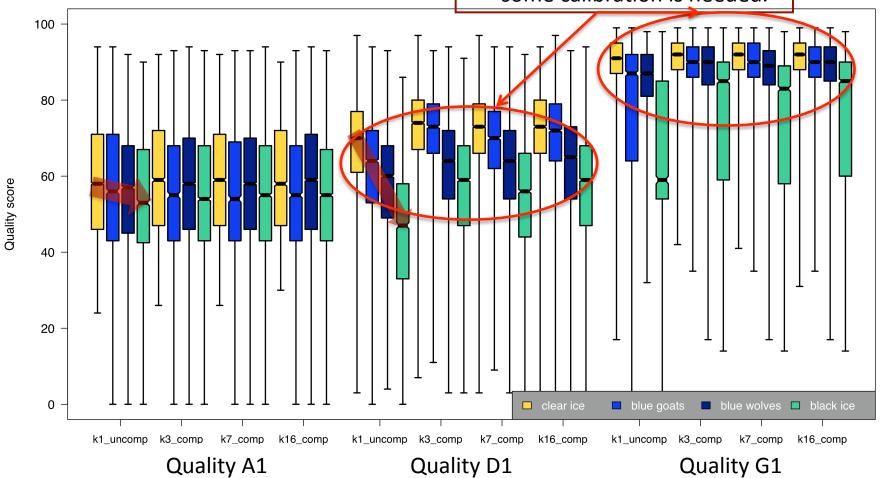
recognition failure



IQCE :: calibration



Raw quality scores are not directly interoperable and some calibration is needed.



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1. Highest quality with CLEAR ICE progressing down to lowest quality with BLACK ICE (IREX I report)





- A refined list of iris image quality metrics with tolerance bounds
 - Quantitative support to ISO/IEC 29794-6



Iris image quality tool box

- Technical papers on iris image quality
 - mathematical equations on how to compute quality e.g. SNR
- Software implementations
 - open source or proprietary compiled libraries
- Calibration curve per IQAA.



Thank You iris.nist.gov/irexII

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